

# Transfection reagent

# In Vivo DogtorMag

In Vivo Nucleic Acids delivery





Magnetofection Technology This reagent needs to be used with specific magnets



## **IMPORTANT NOTES – Before you begin**

- 1. The conditions provided above might require some further optimizations depending on your nucleic acids, animal, territory, routes of injection etc...
- 2. It is suggested to use 1 µL of *In vivo* DogtorMag & 1 µL of *in vivo* CombiMag per µg of DNA in initial experiments.
- 3. Allow reagents to reach RT and gently vortex them before forming complexes.
- 4. The final DNA concentration should not exceed 0.5 mg/mL.
- 5. Dilutes the reagents with deionized water for doses less than  $1\mu$ L.
- 6. Nucleic acids should be as pure as possible, endotoxins free and prepare in water
- 7. For the complexes preparation and injection, prefer glucose 5% solution or saline buffer (HBS, PBS, normal saline, Ringer's solution).
- 8. Do not freeze the *in vivo* CombiMag magnetic nanoparticles
- 9. Do not inject more than 1 mL of *In vivo* DogtorMag per animal.
- 10. Do not inject complexes if precipitate has formed
- 11. Do not freeze magnetic nanoparticles
- 12. Do not add anything to the stock solution of magnetic nanoparticles
- 13. Magnet manipulation:
  - a. Manipulate carefully the magnets. Danger of injury by strong magnetic attraction of ferromagnetic material
  - b. Keep away from electronic devices and magnetic storage devices
  - c. Persons with cardiac pacemakers should not work with these magnets

For additional information and protocols (optimization, scaling, co-transfection...) tips, troubleshooting or other applications



Any questions?



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# In vivo DogtorMag Reagent | Specifications

	IV-DM30500: 500µL of <i>In vivo</i> Dogtor + 500µL of <i>In vivo</i> CombiMag IV-DM31000: 1mL of <i>In vivo</i> Dogtor + 1mL of <i>In vivo</i> CombiMag IV-KC30220: 500µL of <i>In vivo</i> Dogtor + 500µL of <i>In vivo</i> CombiMag + a Magnets set (IV-MAG1) IV-TK30220: 100µL of <i>In vivo</i> Dogtor + 100µL of <i>In vivo</i> CombiMag + 1 cylinder magnet (ø 10mm)		
Package content	IV-MAG1, Magnet Set: 1 extra small cylinder (ø 2mm), 1 small cylinder (ø 5mm), 1 cylinder (ø 10mm), 1 square (18x18 mm) magnets IV-MAG2, Square Magnets set: 4 square magnets (18x18 mm) IV-MAG3, Cylinder Magnet set: 4 extra small cylinder (ø 2 mm), 4 small cylinder (ø 5 mm), 4 cylinder (ø 10 mm) magnets		
Shipping condition	Room Temperature		
Storage conditions	Store the In vivo Dogtor at -20°C and the In vivo CombiMag transfection reagent at +4°C upon reception		
Shelf life	1 year from the date of purchase when properly stored and handled		
Product Description	In vivo DogtorMag is a cationic lipid-based magnetic nanoparticles formulation. It associates <i>In vivo</i> Dogtor, a specific cationic lipid, and <i>in vivo</i> CombiMag magnetic nanoparticles. This reagent is suitable for any nucleic acid (plasmid DNA, antisense oligonucleotides, mRNA, shRNA and siRNA)		
Important notice	For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures		

## **Applications**

### 1. Nucleic acids

In vivo DogtorMag has been developed for *in vivo* targeted transfection of various types of nucleic acids such as DNA, RNA, oligonucleotides. Nucleic acid/nanoparticles can be easily administrated through various injection routes such as systemic administration (intravenous, intra-artery) or local administration (intraperitoneal, intratumoral, intracerebroventricular, intramuscular).

Optimal conditions may vary depending on the nucleic acid, animal model, administration route and the target organ. Therefore, use the Table 1 as a starting point for DNA amount and volume of injection in mouse and rats.

Mouse					
Route of injection	Amount of nucleic acid	Total volume of injection according to animal weight	Site of injection		
Intravenous	40 µg	200 μL (10-25 μL/g)	Tail vein		
Intramuscular	10 to 100 µg	100 µL (50 µL x 2 sites of injection)	Caudal tigh		
Subcutaneous	10 µg	200 µL (10-40 µL/g)	Scruff		
Intraperitoneal	100 µg	400 µL (20 µL/g)	Lower Ventral Quadrants		
Intratumoral	10 to 50 µg	100 μL (0.5 μL/mm³)	Tumor		
Intracerebroventricular	0.5 µg	2 µL	Brain ventricle		
Rat					
Route of injection	Amount of nucleic acid	Total volume of injection	Site of injection		
Intravenous	150 µg	2.5 mL (10-20 μL/g)	Tail vein, saphenous vein		
Intramuscular	50 to 300 µg	300 µL (100 µL x 3 sites of injection)	Triceps, Quadriceps, Gluteals		
Subcutaneous	5 to 10 µg	1.25 mL (5-10 µL/g)	Scruff, Back, Abdomen		
Intraperitoneal	200 µg	2.5 mL (10-20 μL/g)	Lower Ventral Quadrants		
Intratumoral	10 to 50 µg	100 μL (0.5 μL/mm³)	Tumor		
Intracerebroventricular	1 µg	10 µL	Brain ventricle		

**Table 1:** Suggested amount of nucleic acid and volume of injection in mouse (20 g) and rat(250 g)

For more detailed protocols, see our Applications Notes on our website <u>www.ozbiosciences.com</u> or contact us at <u>tech@ozbiosciences.com</u>.

#### 2. Magnets

Several kinds of magnets are provided with the *In vivo* DogtorMag kit; use Table 2 to choose the best one adapted to your application.

Kind of magnet	Tissue	
Extra Small Cylinder	Brain area	
2 mm (diameter) x 5 mm (height)	<ul> <li>Endothelial cells</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Small tumors</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Lymph node</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Ovary</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Adrenal gland</li> </ul>	
<u>Small Cylinder</u>	Subcutaneous tumors	
5 mm (diameter) x 5 mm (height)	<ul> <li>Salivary gland</li> </ul>	
	• Brain	
Cylinder	Subcutaneous tumors	
10 mm x 5 mm (height)	<ul> <li>Pancreas</li> </ul>	
	• Spleen	
<u>Square</u>	Large organs	
17 mm (length) x 17 mm (length)	<ul> <li>Large tumor</li> </ul>	
x 5mm (height)	<ul> <li>Muscle</li> </ul>	
	• Lung	
	Skin flap	

 Table 2: Examples of use of magnets

OZ Biosciences is currently proposing only those magnets. If you need specific magnet in terms of shape and size, please contact our technical service for obtaining fundamental properties of the magnet to purchase.

## Protocol

Please refer to Table 1 to determine the required amount of DNA as well as volume injection. The DNA, *In vivo* Dogtor, *in vivo* CombiMag and injection solution should be at room temperature. We recommend using 1 µL of *In vivo* Dogtor and 1µL of *In vivo* CombiMag per µg of DNA.

#### 1. Reagent Preparation

- a. DNA solution. Dilute DNA in half of the injection volume in a sterile vial (subtract the *In vivo* CombiMag volume).
- b. In vivo Dogtor solution. Gently mix the reagent before use. Dilute In vivo Dogtor in half of the injection volume. Incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- c. In vivo CombiMag reagent. Vortex the reagent before each use. Use 1 µL of CombiMag / µg DNA. Add the In vivo CombiMag reagent directly into a new tube (do not dilute with any solution).

#### 2. Complexes formation.

- a. Combine the DNA solution with the *in vivo* Dogtor solution. Mix gently and incubate 5 min at RT.
- b. Combine the DNA/ *In vivo* Dogtor mixture with the *In vivo* CombiMag reagent. Mix gently and incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature.

#### 3. Injection.

- a. Place the magnet on your targeted tissue
- b. Slowly inject the complexes
- c. Let the magnet stand from 5 min to 1 h (refer to table 3 and next section). Notes for intracerebroventricular or intra tumoral injections: Place the magnet few seconds after the complexes injection. Dye e.g. Fast Green FCF can be added to the complexes solution for a better monitoring of the injection.
- d. Monitor gene expression at the appropriate time point.

#### 4. Magnetic incubation

The magnetic incubation time depends on the animal and the targeted tissue:

- for tumor, from 20 min (mouse, rat) to 1 hour (hamster, cat)
- for endothelial cells, from 5 to 20 min for mouse and rat, from 20 min to 1 h for rabbit or pig
- for peripheral tissue (e.g. stomach, gut, heart), 20 min
- for intracerebroventricular injection, 5 min

Refer to table 3, for other magnetic incubation times depending on target tissue, route of injection and magnet type.

Target tissue	Route of injection Kind of magnet		Magnetic incubation	
Tumor	Intravenous, Intra- arterial, Intratumoral	All kind	20 min to 1 h	
Endothelial cells	Intravenous, Intra-	Extra small	5 min to 1 h	
	arterial	Cylinder		
Heart	Intra-arterial Cylinder		20 min	
Liver	Intravenous	Cylinder, Square	10 min	
Lung	Intravenous	Square	10 min	
Pancreas	Intrapancreatic	Cylinder	20 min	
Kidney	Intraperitoneal	Cylinder, Square	20 min	
Gut	llea lumen	All kind	20 min	
Stomach	Stomach lumen	Cylinder, Square	20 min	
Brain	Intraventricular	Small Cylinder	5 min	

 Table 3: Suggested magnetic incubation time for various tissue

### **IMPORTANT NOTES:**

- For long incubation time, (e.g. intratumoral injection), the magnet could be attached to the animal using adhesive tape in order to create a strong magnetic field in the area of the injection.
- Magnets can be easily handled with any magnetic surgical instruments (forceps, clamps, needle holders).
- Magnets can be sterilized by heat (steam sterilization or dry heat sterilization) or chemical means (ethanol 70%).

#### 5. Bibliographic references

Please refer to the results sheet and to our website for a more exhaustive list of bibliographic references.

- Gupta A.K and Gupta M 2005 Synthesis and surface engineering of iron oxide nanoparticles for biomedical applications. *Biomaterials*. 26:3995-4021.
- Laurent N, Sapet C, Le Gourrierec L, Bertosio E and Zelphati O 2011 Nucleic acid delivery nanoparticles: the Magnetofection<sup>™</sup> technology. *Therapeutic Delivery*. 2:471:482.
- Plank C, Zelphati O and Mykhaylyk O. 2011 Magnetically enhanced nucleic acid delivery. Ten years of magnetofection-progress and prospects. Adv Drug Deliv Rev. 63:1300-1331
- Alvizo-Baez CA, Luna-Cruz IE, Vilches-Cisneros N, Rodríguez-Padilla C, Alcocer-González JM. 2016 Systemic delivery and activation of the TRAIL gene in lungs, with magnetic nanoparticles of chitosan controlled by an external magnetic field. Int J Nanomedicine. 11:6449-6458.

## Related products for in vivo applications

- **BrainFectIN** enables nucleic acids delivery into central nervous system of small animals.
- In vivo PolyMag a cationic polymer-based magnetic nanoparticles formulation, designed for *in vivo* targeted transfection of nucleic acids.
- In vivo SilenceMag a cationic lipid-based magnetic nanoparticles formulation, designed to transfect small RNA, into target cell/ tissue in vivo.
- In vivo ViroMag an optimized nanoparticles formulation dedicated for in vivo transduction.

#### **Purchaser Notification**

#### Limited License

The purchase of the In vivo DogtorMag grants the purchaser a non-transferable, non-exclusive license to use the kit and/or its separate and included components (as listed this protocol). This reagent is intended for in-house research only by the buyer. Such use is limited to the transfection of nucleic acids as described in the product manual. In addition, research only use means that this kit and all of its contents are excluded, without limitation, from resale, repackaging, or use for the making or selling of any commercial product or service without the written approval of OZ Biosciences. Separate licenses are available from OZ Biosciences for the express purpose of non-research use or applications of the In vivo DogtorMag. To inquire about such licenses, or to obtain authorization to transfer or use the enclosed material, contact us at OZ Biosciences. Buyers may end this License at any time by returning all In vivo DogtorMag reagents and documentation to OZ Biosciences, or by destroying all in vivo DogtorMag components. Purchasers are advised to contact OZ Biosciences with the notification that a In vivo DogtorMag is being returned in order to be reimbursed and/or to definitely terminate a license for internal research use only granted through the purchase of the kit(s). This document covers entirely the terms of the In vivo DogtorMag research only license, and does not grant any other express or implied license. The laws of the French Government shall govern the interpretation and enforcement of the terms of this License.

#### **Product Use Limitations**

In vivo DogtorMag and all of its components are developed, designed, intended, and sold for research use only. They are not to be used for human diagnostic or included/used in any drug intended for human use. All care and attention should be exercised in the use of the kit components by following proper research laboratory practices.

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